

Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board Clean Water Act §319(h) Nonpoint Source Grant Program FY 2020 Workplan 20-07

	SUMM	IARY PAGE					
Title of Project	Implementation of Agricult Watershed Protection Plan	tural Nonpoint Source Components	of the Lampasas River				
Project Goals	Quality Management Practices (BMPs) and tr Provide educational prowater quality issues in to To conduct status review To foster coordinated SWCD, and NRCS	 Quality Management Plans (WQMPs) and implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) and track progress Provide educational programs to increase stakeholders and citizens knowledge about water quality issues in the watershed To conduct status reviews on WQMPs to track implementation success To foster coordinated technical assistance activities between TSSWCB, the local SWCD, and NRCS Inform and coordinate project efforts with the Lampasas River Watershed Steering 					
Project Tasks	(1) Project Administration; (Program	(1) Project Administration; (2) Promotion and implementation of the TSSWCB WQMP					
Measures of Success	 Provide needed technical assistance to agricultural producers; Development and implementation of 10 WQMPs; Implementation of management measures outlined in the Lampasas River WPP; Reduction in potential pollutant loads of streams from NPS pollution from agricultural operations 						
Project Type	L. C.	ion (X); Planning (); Assessment ();	Groundwater ()				
Status of Waterbody on	Segment ID	Parameter of Impairment or Concern					
2014 Texas Integrated Report	1217D North Rocky Creek (unclassified water body)	Depressed dissolved oxygen	5b				
Project Location (Statewide or Watershed and County)	Lampasas River Watershed i Williamson Counties	n Bell, Burnet, Coryell, Hamilton, La	mpasas, Mills, and				
Key Project Activities	Hire Staff (); Surface Water Quality Monitoring (); Technical Assistance (X); Education (X); Implementation (X); BMP Effectiveness Monitoring (); Demonstration (); Planning (); Modeling (); Bacterial Source Tracking (); Other ()						
2017 Texas NPS Management Program Reference	1	erm Goal – Objectives 1, 2, 3 erm Goal 2 – Objectives A, B, D					
Project Costs	Federal \$166,548	Non-Federal \$0	Γotal \$166,548				
Project Management	Hill Country Soil and Water	Conservation District #534					
Project Period	September 1, 2020 – August	31, 2023					

Part I – Applicant Information

Applicant									
Project Lea	.d	Thomas J. Casb	eer						
Title		Chairman of Hi	ll Country	SWCD					
Organizatio	on	Hill Country So	il and Wate	er Conserv	atio	n District #5	34		
E-mail Add	lress	hillcountryswcd	@tx.nacdn	et.org					
Street Addr	ess	P.O. Box 1148							
City	Burnet		County	Burnet		State	TX	Zip Code	78611
Telephone	Number	(512) 756-4651			Fa	x Number	(844) 49	6-7179	

Project Partners	
Names	Roles & Responsibilities
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board (TSSWCB)	Provide state oversight and management of all project activities and ensure coordination of activities with related projects and TCEQ.
Hill Country Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD 534)	Supervise one technician who will develop, implement and maintain WQMPs. Conduct status reviews. Responsible for all project deliverables.
United States Department of Agriculture- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)	Support SWCD Technician in the development, implementation, and maintenance of WQMPs. Provide training as necessary to the technician.
Texas A&M AgriLife Research – Blackland Research and Extension Center	Support the SWCD Technician in educational program and resource development and delivery and in maintaining communication with the Partnership. Collaborate with SWCD 534 to track implementation of BMPs for incorporation into the project updates through TSSWCB project 17-05 and subsequent projects.
Hamilton - Coryell Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD 506)	Cooperate with SWCD 534 to develop, implement and maintain WQMPs in Hamilton and Coryell Counties.
Little River – San Gabriel Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD 508)	Cooperate with SWCD 534 to develop, implement and maintain WQMPs in portions of Bell and Williamson Counties.
Central Texas Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD 509)	Cooperate with SWCD 534 to develop, implement and maintain WQMPs in portions of Bell County.
Mills County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD 554)	Cooperate with SWCD 534 to develop, implement and maintain WQMPs in Mills County.
Lampasas River Watershed Partnership	Collaborate as critical local stakeholders and play a lead role in communicating with other local stakeholders.

Part II – Project Information

Project Type										
Surface Water	X	Groun	dwater							
Does the project in	npleme	nt recom	nmendation	ns made	in: (a) a completed WPP; (b) an adopted	ed				
TMDL; (c) an app	roved I	-Plan; (d	l) a Compr	ehensive	e Conservation and Management Plan		Vac	v	NIa	
developed under (CWA §3	320; (e) t	the Texas C	Coastal I	NPS Pollution Control Program; or (f)	the	Yes	X	No	
Texas Groundwat	er Prote	ection St	rategy?							
If yes, identify the	docum	ent.	Lampasas 1	River W	atershed Protection Plan					
If yes, identify the	agency	/group t	hat	The La	ampasas River Watershed	Year	r			
, , , , ,					eloped	20	112			
				AgriLife Research – Blackland Research			_	20	113	
				and Ex	tension Center					

Watershed Information				
Watershed or Aquifer Name(s)	Hydrologic Unit Code (12 Digit)	Segment ID	Category on 2014 IR	Size (Acres)
Lampasas River (Lampasas River above Stillhouse Hollow Lake, Rocky Creek, Sulphur Creek, Simms Creek)	120702030101 – 120702030509	1217 1217B 1217D 1217C 1217G	2 CS 5c 2 CS	839,800

Water Quality Impairment

Describe all known causes (i.e., pollutants of concern) and sources (e.g., agricultural, silvicultural) of water quality impairments or concerns from any of the following sources: Draft 2016 Texas Integrated Report, Clean Rivers Program Basin Summary/Highlights Reports, or other documented sources.

2016 Integrated Report

Sulphur Creek (1217B_02) is listed as impaired for not meeting state standards for contact recreation; Category 5c. Potential sources per the 2016 Texas IR include: NPS - Managed Pasture Grazing; NPS - On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems); NPS - Rural (Residential Areas); NPS - Wildlife Other than Waterfowl.

North Fork Rocky Creek (1217D_01) is listed as impaired for depressed DO; Category 5c.

Potential sources per the 2016 Texas IR include: NPS - Natural Sources.

Lampasas River Above Stillhouse Hollow Lake (1217_04) is listed as a concern for water quality based on screening levels for chlorophyll-a.

Potential sources per the 2016 Texas IR include: NPS - Agriculture; NPS - Dairies (Outside Milk Parlor Areas); NPS - Loss of Riparian Habitat; NPS - On-site Treatment Systems (Septic Systems and Similar Decentralized Systems); NPS - Wildlife Other than Waterfowl

TSSWCB 16-06 Continuation of Surface Water Quality Monitoring to Support the Implementation of the Lampasas River Watershed Protection Plan

Lampasas River Above Stillhouse Hollow Lake (1217_05) Initial analysis of data collected through this project indicates elevated bacteria levels in routine samples collected June 2017 through July 2019.

Project Narrative

Problem/Need Statement

The Lampasas River (segment 1217) rises in eastern Mills County, 16 miles west of Hamilton and flows southeast for 75 miles. The river courses through Hamilton, Lampasas, Burnet and Bell Counties. In Bell County the river turns northeast and is dammed five miles southwest of Belton to form Stillhouse Hollow Lake (Segment 1216). Below Stillhouse Hollow Lake, the Lampasas River flows to its confluence with Salado Creek and the Leon River to form the Little River. According to the 2002, 2004, 2006 and 2008 Texas Water Quality Inventory and 303(d) List, the Lampasas River above Stillhouse Hollow Lake was identified as impaired by elevated bacteria concentrations and did not meet Texas Surface Water Quality Standards for contact recreation. In 2007 Texas A&M AgriLife Research received Clean Water Act §319(h) funding through TSSWCB to address the contact recreation impairment through the development of a watershed protection plan. Through TSSWCB projects 07-11 (Lampasas River Watershed Assessment and Protection Project) and 12-09 (Coordinating Implementation of the Lampasas River WPP) AgriLife Research worked with local stakeholders to facilitate the development of the Lampasas River WPP to address water quality concerns within the watershed. The WPP received stakeholder approval and EPA acceptance in September 2013.

During this time, the contact recreation impairment was removed from the 2010 Integrated Report. The Lampasas River was delisted because additional data had not been collected for assessment between 2000 and 2009, and existing historical data no longer met TCEQ's criteria to be included in assessment. A major tributary of the Lampasas River North Rocky Creek (1217D) is listed as impaired for depressed dissolved oxygen on the 2014 Integrated Report. There are also two tributaries with concerns for water quality based on screening levels in the 2014 Integrated Report. A portion of Sulphur Creek (1217B_02) has a screening level concern for depressed dissolved oxygen, while Clear Creek (1217G_01) has a screening level concern for nitrate. The Draft 2016 Integrated Report also includes a new listing for Sulphur Creek (1217B_02) for elevated bacteria and not meeting the state contact recreation standard.

Since the acceptance of the WPP by EPA, AgriLife Research continues to oversee the implementation of the educational components of the WPP along with addressing the NPS contribution from failing OSSFs and continued water quality monitoring in the river and major tributaries.

As identified in the WPP, agricultural nonpoint sources of pollutant loading may be addressed by implementing BMPs on agricultural operations. Agricultural producers, along with SWCDs, TSSWCB and NRCS, have been collaborating to protect the natural resources in Texas for decades. Through the TSSWCB's WQMP Program, farmers and ranchers routinely implement BMPs on their land utilizing financial and technical assistance programs of SWCDs who receive state and federal funds from TSSWCB, EPA, and NRCS. A WQMP is a site-specific plan developed through, and approved by, SWCDs which includes appropriate land treatment practices, production practices, management measures, and technologies that prevent and abate agricultural and silvicultural nonpoint source pollution. The BMPs prescribed in a WQMP are defined in the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide. SWCDs provide technical assistance to producers seeking to develop a WQMP. TSSWCB and NRCS have various financial assistance programs that help producers implement a WQMP. Because of this, and similar programs, the State of Texas has been able to demonstrate major successes in the improvement of water quality conditions through on-the-ground conservation results.

Technical support from the Hill Country SWCD and NRCS personnel is critical for proper selection and placement of appropriate management measures on individual agricultural properties. However, due to the number of management plans that will be needed, a position dedicated specifically to WQMP development in the watershed is necessary to provide direct assistance to agricultural producers, with emphasis on the sources and geographical areas within the watershed identified in the WPP.

TSSWCB project 14-06 (Implementing Agricultural Nonpoint Source Components of the Lampasas River Watershed Protection Plan), began in January 2015 to expand participation of agricultural producers in WPP implementation, which is essential to achieve water quality improvement. TSSWCB 17-03 (Continued Implementation of Agricultural Nonpoint Source Components of the Lampasas River Watershed Protection Plan) subsequently followed in November 2017 to continue the efforts within the watershed. As an established and well-known local entity, the Hill Country

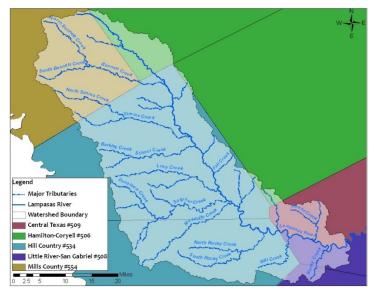
SWCD is uniquely situated to engage and support agricultural producers in watershed restoration and protection efforts, including implementation of appropriate BMPs to address nonpoint source pollution as identified in Tables 8.1 and 8.2 of the WPP. To date, a total of 26 WQMPs have been developed on approximately 8,250 acres within the Lampasas River watershed. Continuation of this project is crucial to the success of the WPP and the reduction of bacteria across the watershed.

Project Narrative

General Project Description (Include Project Location Map)

A comprehensive watershed approach focused on the most significant potential sources of NPS pollution contributing to the current impairments was used for WPP development. Recommended BMPs were identified for implementation by the Steering Committee, work groups and partner agencies (Tables 8.1 and 8.2 in the WPP). This project provides funding to support implementation of recommended agricultural management measures identified for action in the WPP and continue the current project, TSSWCB 17-03.

To achieve goals outlined in the WPP, TSSWCB will administer federal CWA §319(h) funds through the Hill Country SWCD #534 for support of one District Technician who will provide technical assistance to agricultural producers in developing and implementing WQMPs and Prescribed Grazing Plans in the Lampasas River Watershed. WQMPs are



developed according to the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide. Once the WQMP is developed, it will be sent to the appropriate TSSWCB regional office for technical review and certification. Upon certification of the WQMP, the District Technician will work with the landowners to implement the BMPs prescribed in the WQMP.

The District Technician will continue to operate in the Hill Country SWCD office and will work under the direction of the SWCD, with assistance from the TSSWCB, NRCS, and AgriLife Research, as needed. The District Technician also will assist landowners in applying for and obtaining financial incentives to aid in implementation of BMPs prescribed in WQMPs.

The District Technician will conduct annual status reviews on all WQMPs developed and certified through the course of this project to ensure that

landowners implement BMPs as specified and agreed to in the WQMP implementation schedule. The District Technician will track utilization of obligated financial incentives and assist landowners in utilizing these funds on schedule. The Technician will complete an aggregate final report which describes the success of the project including WQMPs developed, BMPs implemented, and financial incentives funds obligated and utilized.

The District Technician also will work with TSSWCB, NRCS and AgriLife Research to educate agricultural producers about water quality issues and how WQMPs and BMPs address pollutant contamination from agriculture. The Technician will work to educate landowners about how BMPs can protect and enhance the value of their operation and achieve water quality goals for the watershed at the same time. The Technician will cooperate and communicate with the Lampasas River Watershed Partnership in order to effectively and efficiently achieve project goals and to summarize activities and achievements made throughout the course of this project.

Tasks, Object	tives and Schedules								
Task 1	Project Administr	roject Administration							
Costs	Federal	\$34,278	Non-Federal	\$0	Total	\$34,278			
Objective			nate, and monitor and preparation		under this projec	et including			
Subtask 1.1	TSSWCB. QPRs 1 st of January, Ap	Hill Country SWCD will prepare electronic quarterly progress reports (QPRs) for submission to the TSSWCB. QPRs shall document all activities performed within a quarter and shall be submitted by the 1st of January, April, July and October. QPRs shall be distributed to all Project Partners.							
Subtask 1.2	Hill Country SW	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 36 Hill Country SWCD will perform accounting functions for project funds and will submit appropriate Reimbursement Forms to TSSWCB at least quarterly.							
	Start Date		Month 1	Completion 1		Month 36			
Subtask 1.3			ordination meetings						
			es, project schedul						
	_	•	D will develop lists		eeded following e	each project			
	coordination mee	ting and distribu	te to project persor						
	Start Date		Month 1	Completion 1		Month 36			
Subtask 1.4	Hill Country SWCD will develop a Final Report that summarizes activities completed and conclusions reached during the project and discusses the extent to which project goals and measures of success have been achieved.								
	Start Date	Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 36							
Deliverables	QPRs in elec								
	Reimbursem	ent Forms and n	ecessary documen	tation in hard copy	y format				
	 Final Report 	in electronic an	d hard copy format	S					

Tasks, Objec	tives and Schedules								
Task 2	Promotion and Implement	Promotion and Implementation of the TSSWCB WQMP Program							
Costs	Federal \$132,27	0 Non-Federal	\$0 T	otal \$132,270					
Objective	To promote WQMP devel	lopment and implementation	on, encourage participation	n, and provide technical					
		producers for the developm							
		centives to support BMP in		lementation of WQMPs					
		s as identified in the Lampa							
Subtask 2.1		employ one District Techn							
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36					
Subtask 2.2		rill identify landowners in p							
		al assistance and financial	1 0	1					
	-	chnician will develop and o	•						
		notional publications to en							
		ll announcements, letters a							
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36					
Subtask 2.3		vill work with TSSWCB, N							
		oducers about water quality	y issues and how WQMPs	and BMPs address					
	pollutant contamination fi								
		Start Date Month 1 Completion Date Month 36							
Subtask 2.4	The District Technician, with assistance from NRCS and TSSWCB, will assist landowners in the								
		and associated Prescribed	Grazing Plans. The Distric	t Technician will develop					
	at least 10 WQMPs.								
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36					

Subtask 2.5	The District Technician, with assistance from NRCS and TSSWCB, will assist landowners in applying for and obtaining financial incentives to aid in implementation of BMPs prescribed in WQMPs. \$150,000 in CWA §319(h) funding (TSSWCB projects 20-02) is available as financial incentive through the TSSWCB WQMP Program. Landowners shall be eligible to receive a maximum financial incentive amount of \$15,000 from the TSSWCB §319(h) funds. The maximum financial incentive rate shall not exceed 60% of the cost of implementation of the BMPs. The remaining 40% will be provided by the landowner. Financial incentives will be based on actual costs not to exceed the average cost of the practice.					
Subtask 2.5	Start Date The District Technicion w	Month 1	Completion Date lopment and financial incer	Month 36		
Subtask 2.3		y areas identified in the W		itive applications		
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36		
Subtask 2.5			eviews on all WQMPs deve			
Subtask 2.3	through the course of this Lampasas River watershe	project and any existing V d to ensure that landowner	VQMPs (certified prior to the simplement BMPs as specinician will document any fi	nis project) in the ified and agreed to in the		
			WQMP implementation scl			
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36		
Subtask 2.5			gated financial incentives. St landowners in utilizing o			
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36		
Subtask 2.5		MPs implemented through	d map describing and show the project. The map will Completion Date	•		
Subtask 2.5			SWCB Regional office wil			
Sucusia 2.5	reductions through the Te report load reductions by Reporting and Tracking S	xas Best Management Prac October 1 st to the TSSWC ystem (GRTS).	ctices Evaluation Tool (TB) B project manager for inclu	ET). The Technician will asion in EPA's Grants		
	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36		
Subtask 2.5	The District Technician will meet monthly with the Hill Country SWCD and other parties to efficiently and effectively achieve project goals; summarize activities and achievements made throughout the course of this project; and discuss project activities, project schedule, communication needs, deliverables, and other requirements.					
C1-41-2-5	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36		
Subtask 2.5	Coordinator in order to ef achievements made through least, participate in any standard Partnership.	ficiently and effectively ac ghout the course of this pro akeholder meetings held un	icate with the Lampasas Ri chieve project goals and to so oject. Specifically, the Distr ander the auspices of the Lar	summarize activities and rict Technician will, at mpasas River Watershed		
5.11	Start Date	Month 1	Completion Date	Month 36		
Deliverables	Status reviews for W	-	eveloped and distributed Ps developed; map will not	reveal the identity of		

Project Goals (Expand from Summary Page)

- Provide technical assistance to agricultural producers for the development of Water Quality Management Plans (WQMPs) and implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) and track progress
- Assist in educational programs to increase stakeholders and citizens knowledge about water quality issues in the watershed
- To conduct status reviews on WQMPs to track implementation success
- To foster coordinated technical assistance between TSSWCB, SWCDs and NRCS Inform and coordinate project efforts with the Lampasas River Watershed Steering Committee and Partnership

Measures of Success (Expand from Summary Page)

- Provide needed technical assistance to agricultural producers
- Development and implementation of 10 WQMPs
- Implementation of agricultural management measures outlined in the Lampasas River WPP Reduction in potential pollutant loads of streams from NPS pollution from agricultural operations

2017 Texas NPS Management Program Reference (Expand from Summary Page)

Components, Goals, and Objectives

Component One – Explicit short- and long-term goals, objectives and strategies that protect surface and ground water. Long-Term Goal – Protect and restore water quality affected by NPS pollution through assessment, implementation, and education.

- Objective 1 Focus NPS abatement efforts, implementation strategies, and available resources in watersheds and aquifers identified as impacted by nonpoint source pollution.
- Objective 2 Support the implementation of state, regional, and local programs to prevent NPS pollution through assessment, implementation, and education.
- Objective 3 Support the implementation of state, regional, and local programs to reduce NPS pollution, such as the implementation of strategies defined in TMDL I-Plans, WPPs, and other water planning efforts in the state.
- Develop partnerships, relationships, memoranda of agreement, and other instruments to facilitate collective, cooperative approaches to manage nonpoint source pollution.

Short-Term Goal Two – Implementation – Implement TMDL I-Plans and/or WPPs and other state, regional, and local plans/programs to reduce nonpoint source pollution by targeting implementation activities to the areas identified as impacted or potentially degraded by nonpoint source pollution with respect to use criteria.

- Objective A Work with regional and local entities to determine priority areas and develop and implement strategies to address nonpoint source pollution in those areas.
- Objective B Develop and implement BMPs to address constituents of concern or water bodies not meeting water quality standards in watersheds identified as impacted by nonpoint source pollution.
- Objective D Implement TMDL I-Plans, WPPs, and other state, regional, and local plans developed to restore and maintain water quality in water bodies identified as impacted by nonpoint source pollution.

Component Two – Working partnerships and linkages to appropriate state, interstate, tribal, regional, and local entities, private sector groups, and federal agencies.

Component Three – Combination of statewide nonpoint source programs and on-the-ground projects achieve water quality benefits; efforts are well-integrated with other relevant state and federal programs.

Estimated Load Reductions Expected (Only applicable to Implementation Project Type)

Estimated load reductions expected from implementing this project are based on information in the Lampasas River WPP, primarily table 9.1, 9.2, and 9.3. The goals of the Lampasas River WPP are to reduce nonpoint source loadings of bacteria from identified sources within the watershed. Management measures contained in the WPP focus on bacteria reduction, but through implementing the management measures, reductions in other pollutant loading will also be realized. This proposal will address nonpoint source loadings from agricultural nonpoint sources through development of Water Quality Management Plans for agricultural operations in the watershed.

In order to calculate estimated load reductions, an assumption was made. Consistent with Subtask 2.5, all WQMPs to be implemented are assumed to be in subwatersheds with the greatest number of operations, operations with the greatest number of animal units, and particularly those located closest to streams and drainage areas.

The load reduction from the District Technician agricultural education component in this project is consistent with Table 9.3 for the total load reduction (over the 10-year implementation schedule).

1	Management Measure	Estimated E. coli Load Reductions Expected (cfu/day)
District Technician	Full WPP Implementation	1.80×10^{14}

Participation in the TSSWCB WQMP Program by individual ranchers and farmers is voluntary. The decision to participate is based on several factors, including the producer's ability to provide the cost-share match (40% in this project). Adoption of BMPs and participation in the WQMP Program by producers is highly dependent on the success or failure of outreach and education initiatives and social marketing campaigns. Effectiveness of particular BMPs in reducing pollutants is dependent on a myriad of factors, including natural weather phenomena and the ability of producers to correctly install, operate, maintain or manage the BMP. There will be complementary nitrogen and sediment load reductions achieved from WQMPs. With these factors accounted for, the estimated load reductions to be expected, as presented above, should be regarded as the "best case scenario" with probability that actual load reductions achieved will be less.

The mechanism for reporting pollutant load reductions achieved through implementation of BMPs funded with CWA §319(h) monies is through the EPA Grants Reporting and Tracking System (GRTS). Actual load reductions achieved can only be reported after the BMPs are installed and operational. Currently, EPA Program Activity Measures (PAMs) only call for load reductions achieved for nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment.

EPA State Categorical Program Grants – Workplan Essential Elements FY 2018-2022 EPA Strategic Plan Reference

Strategic Plan Goal - Goal 1 Core Mission: Deliver a cleaner, safer, and healthier environment for all Americans and future generations by carrying out the Agency's core mission.

Strategic Plan Objective – Objective 1.2 Provide for Clean and Safe Water to ensure waters are clean through improved water infrastructure and, in partnership with states and tribes, sustainably manage programs to support drinking water, aquatic ecosystems, and recreational, economic, and subsistence activities.

Part III – Financial Information

Budget Summary	,							
Federal	\$	166.	,548	9	6 of total pro	oject	100%	
Non-Federal	\$		0	9	6 of total pro	oject		0%
Total	\$	166	,548		Total			100%
Category			Federal		N	on-Federal		Total
Personnel		\$	136,20	00	\$	0	\$	136,200
Fringe Benefits		\$	13,62	20	\$	0	\$	13,620
Travel		\$	9,31	8	\$	0	\$	9,318
Equipment		\$		0	\$	0	\$	0
Supplies		\$	2,25	50	\$	0	\$	2,250
Contractual		\$	4,00	00	\$	0	\$	4,000
Construction		\$		0	\$	0	\$	0
Other		\$	1,16	50	\$	0	\$	1,160
Total Direct Costs \$ 166,54		18	\$	0	\$	166,548		
Indirect Costs (≤ 1	5%)	\$		0	\$	0	\$	0
								·
Total Project Costs	S	\$	166,54	18	\$	0	\$	166,548

Budget Justificat	tion (Fe	deral)	
Category	Total	Amount	Justification
Personnel	\$	136,200	1 full-time technician for 3 years (\$129,000)
			1 part-time Bookkeeper @ \$20/hr. for 10 hrs./month for 3 years (\$7,200)
Fringe Benefits	\$	13,620	Fringe benefits calculated @ 10%
Travel	\$	9,318	5,000 miles/yr. @ state rate (\$8,625)
			Per diem @ \$55/day and hotel expenses @ \$96/night for 3 overnight trips
			(\$693)
Equipment	\$	0	N/A
Supplies	\$	2,250	Office supplies include pens, pencils, paper, printer cartridges, folders,
			envelopes, mailing labels, flash drives, etc. for SWCD @ \$25/month for 3
			years (\$900); Computer repair, hardware, and software licensing (\$1,350)
Contractual*	\$	4,000	Financial audit
Construction	\$	0	N/A
Other	\$	1,160	Trainings & Registration fees (\$1,000)
			Postage (\$160)
Indirect	\$	0	N/A

Budget Justification (Non-Federal)								
Category	Total An	nount	Justification					
Personnel	\$	0	N/A					
Fringe Benefits	\$	0	N/A					
Travel	\$	0	N/A					
Equipment	\$	0	N/A					
Supplies	\$	0	N/A					
Contractual*	\$	0	N/A					
Construction	\$	0	N/A					
Other	\$	0	N/A					
Indirect	\$	0	N/A					